

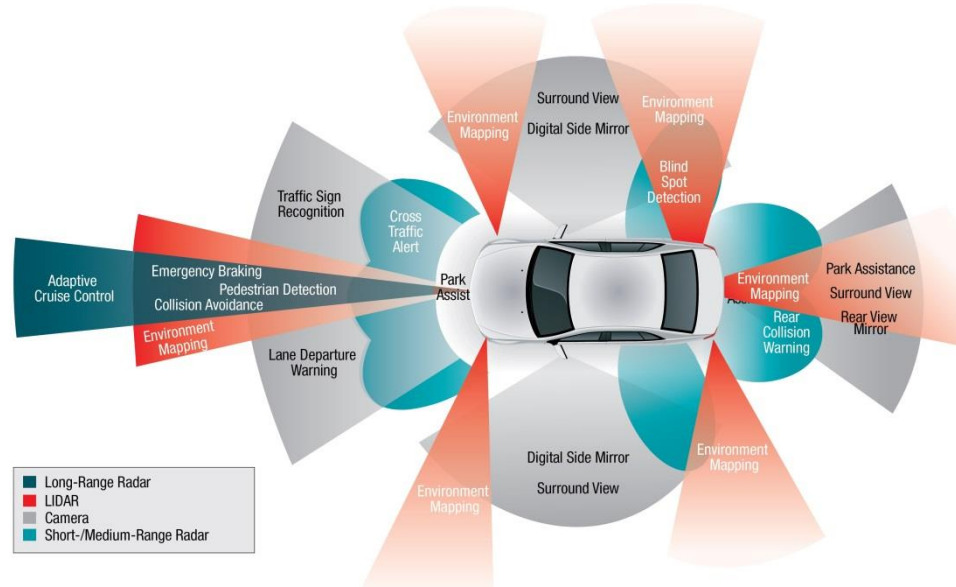
# Components for Automated Driving Interferometric Fiber Optic Gyroscope and MEMS combined IMU **Multi Sensor TAG350 Series**



TAMAGAWA SEIKI CO., LTD.

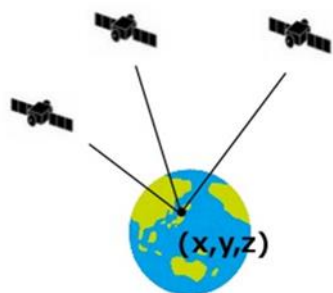
TAMAGAWA TRADING CO., LTD.

# Sensor Fusion for Autonomous Driving



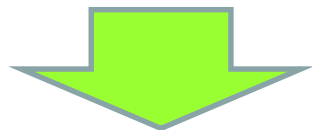
Sensor Fusion	Devise	Purpose	Bottle-neck
	GNSS	Localization	GPS denied environment such as tunnels, buildings
	Camera	Recognition of Image	Snow, Bad Weather
	Rader & Laser Scanner	Recognition of Obstacles	Bad Weather, Limited Detection Range
	Wireless Communication	V2V, V2P, V2X	Communication Cut-off
	<b>INS (Inertial Navigation System))</b>	<b>Autonomous Navigation (Dead Reckoning)</b>	<b>Accuracy depends on sensor. High accuracy sensor is needed.</b>

# Product Development Background



The position accuracy of GNSS (Global Navigation Satellite Systems) has been improved by Satellite Based Augmentation Systems (SBAS) or Real-time kinematic (RTK) positioning.

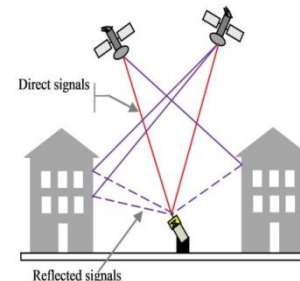
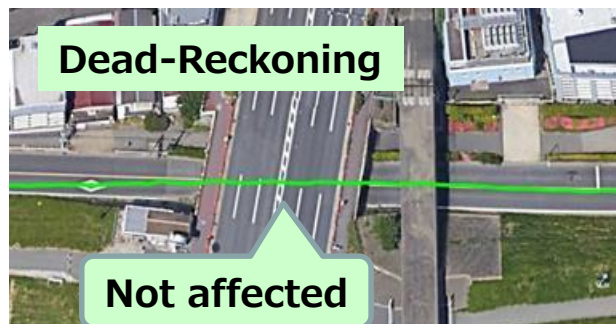
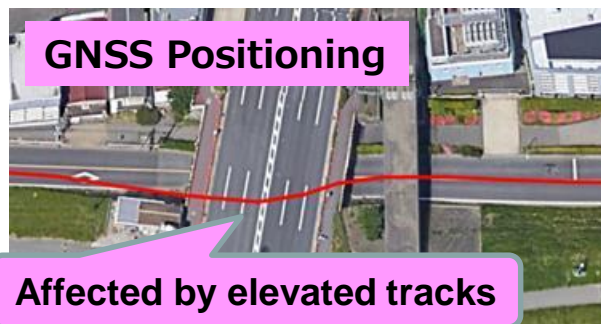
However, GNSS signal is interrupted in tunnel, under elevated tracks or multipath propagation. The accuracy is deteriorated.



By using gyro sensors, the deterioration of position accuracy can be suppressed.



In tunnel  
(NO GPS Signal)

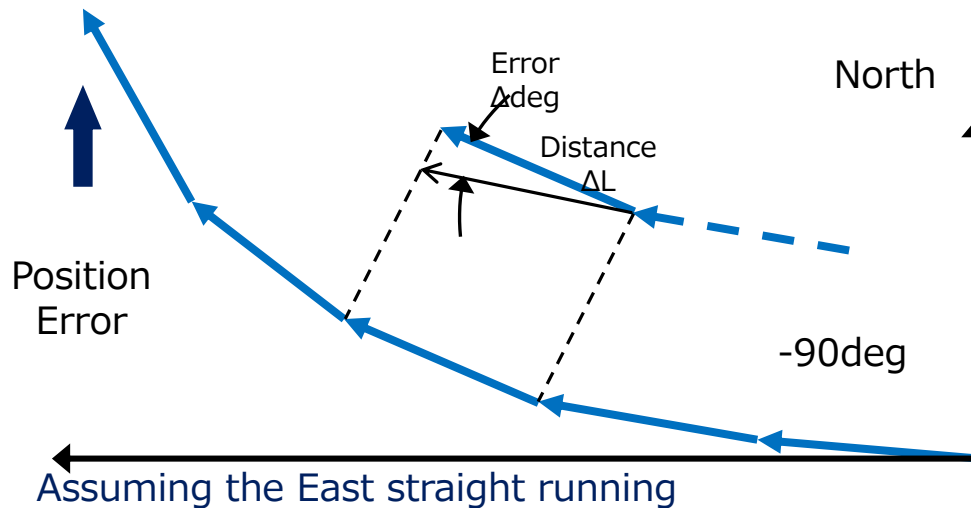
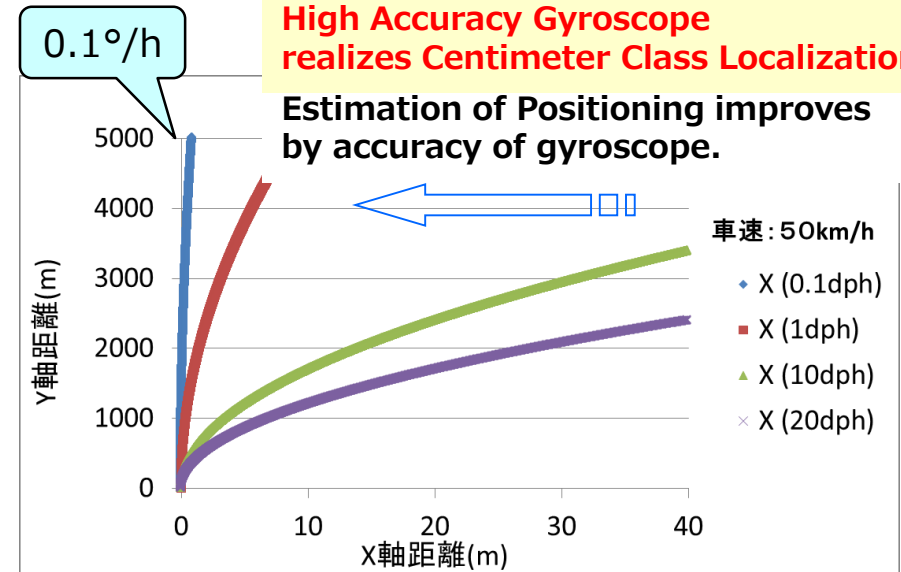


Multipath Propagation.  
(Lower Accuracy)

# Accuracy of Localization

## Centimeter Class Localization

- RTK-GPS enables to detect the position on centimeter basis.
- Even in GNSS-denied environment, localization should be kept at same quality.
- FOG or RLG is useful, but the prices are too high to be used for commercial use.



In the dead-reckoning, heading angle is quite important. The error of heading angle is accumulated by an error of gyroscope. Therefore, the high-accuracy gyroscope is needed.

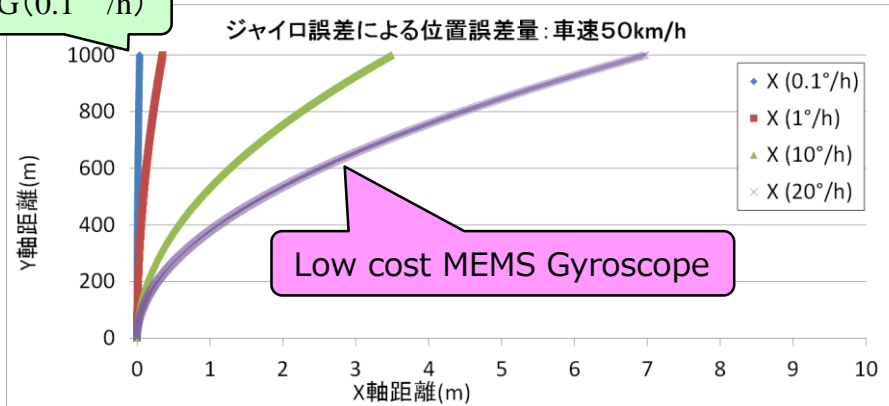


# Accuracy of Localization

## Position Error by Gyroscope

Vertical: Distance      Horizontal: Position error

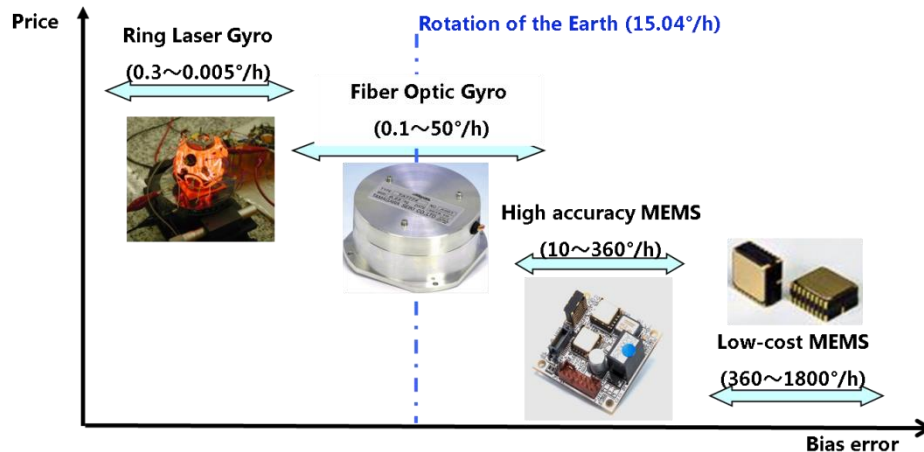
i-FOG ( $0.1^\circ/h$ )



The accuracy of MEMS Gyroscope is several to dozens of degrees, so it is difficult to achieve centimeter class localization.

The accuracy of FOG is  $0.1^\circ/h$  which is possible to keep the accuracy for a certain period of time.

However, the price of FOG is very high, so it was not used for commercial use.



**Cost reduction of FOG is needed for fully autonomous driving.**

## Centimeter Class Localization

# Interferometric Fiber Optic Gyroscope(i-FOG)



TA7774

Item	Spec.
Detection Range	$\pm 200^{\circ}/s$
Bias Repeatability	$0.1^{\circ}/h$ $1\sigma$
Bias Instability	$<0.1^{\circ}/h$
Angular Random walk	$<0.01^{\circ}/\sqrt{h}$
SF Accuracy	100ppm

## FEATURES

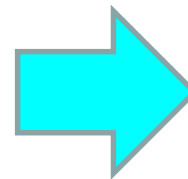
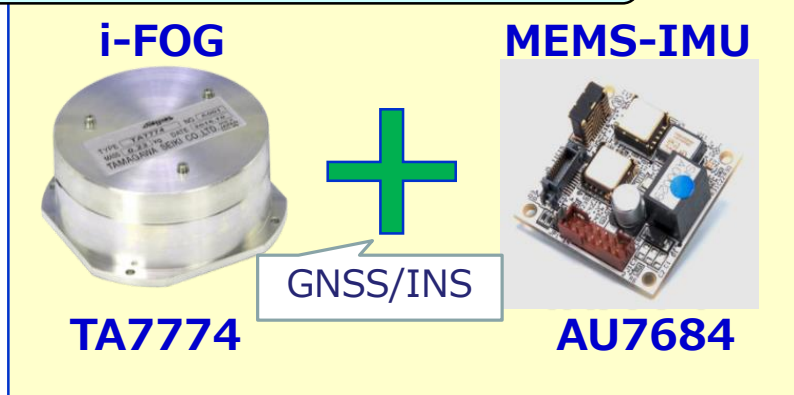
- Achieved  $0.1^{\circ}/h$  Bias Repeatability required for Fully Autonomous Driving.
- Core-technology for winding and Fiber Optical IC realizes cost reduction.



**The combination of FOG and MEMS Gyro realizes low-cost, multi-functional and high-accuracy IMU.**

# i-FOG & MEMS combined Multi Sensor

Yaw angle is measured by FOG.



Combine both advantages  
To create a synergy

**「 Heading 0.1°/h + Attitude 0.1° 」**

	i-FOG	MEMS-IMU	i-FOG/MEMS IMU
Attitude Angle	No function	Excellent	Excellent
Heading Angle	Excellent	Good	Excellent
Communication I/F	RS232C	RS232C/CAN	RS232C/CAN
GNSS interface	No function	Excellent	Excellent
Dead-reckoning	No function	Excellent	Excellent
Odometer interface	No function	Excellent	Excellent
Multi-functioness	No function	Excellent	Excellent
Cost performance	Expensive	Reasonable	Reasonable



# i-FOG & MEMS combined Multi Sensor

## TAG350 Configuration Diagram

GNSS



External GNSS Module: Position KGM-810GRB1\_PS\_917  
Other GNSS module (C099-F9P/u-blox) can be customized.



RS232, 1PPS

External GNSS Module

RS232, CAN

Upper System

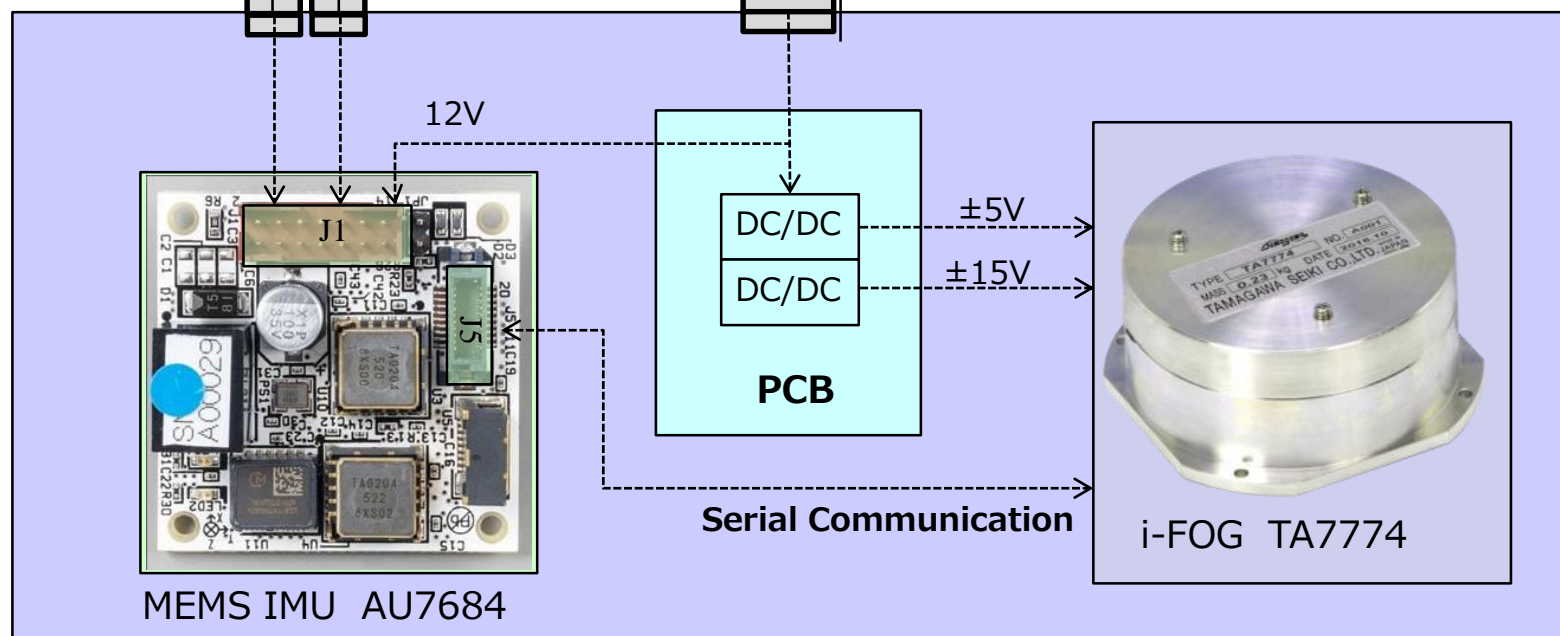
INS data

Vehicle Speed

Vehicle Speed



Power Source : +12V (+9~+18V)

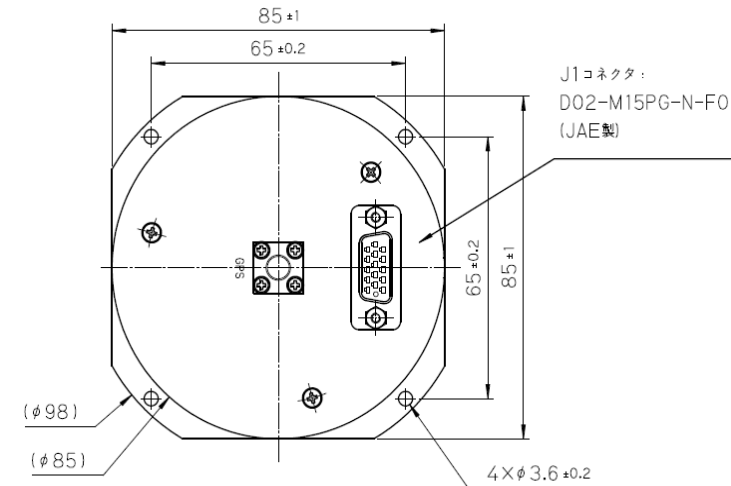


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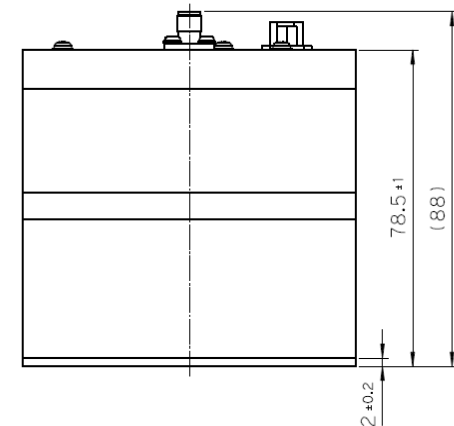
## TAG350N2000 (Serial Production)

**June 2020  
Coming soon!**



### Specification

Item	Spec	Remark
Dimension	85mm×85mm×78.5mm	Except connector
Weight	600 g 以下	
Input Voltage	9V~28V DC	15W max
Interface	RS-232 : 115.2kbps(fixed) CAN : 500kbps (default)	Output:50Hz
Operating temp.	-20℃ ~+60℃	
Gyroscope	±200 deg/sec	
Accelerometer	±29.4 m/s <sup>2</sup> (±3G) ±58.8 m/s <sup>2</sup> (±6G)	



**TAMAGAWA SEIKI CO., LTD.**

# i-FOG & MEMS combined Multi Sensor

We are committed to produce a low-cost & high quality sensor by combining FOG, MEMS-IMU, GNSS and our unique algorithms.

Heading  $0.1^{\circ}/h$  + Attitude  $0.1^{\circ}$   
GNSS combined Navigation



TAG350N2x00

Multi Sensor meets the need of high-quality localization.



Micro-transit



Transportation



Robot-taxi



Construction



Patrolling



Logistics



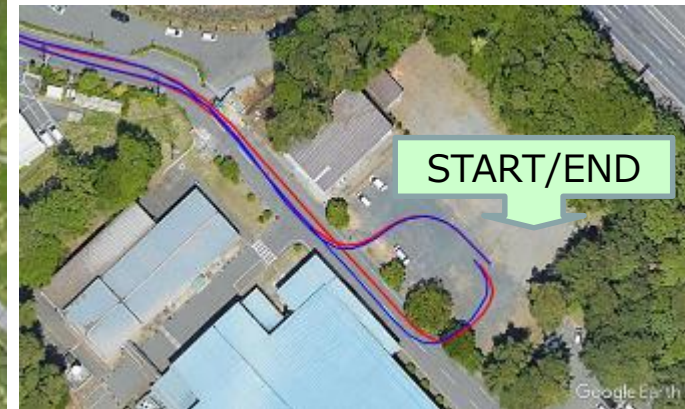


# Case Studies of Dead-Reckoning (1)

## Outcome

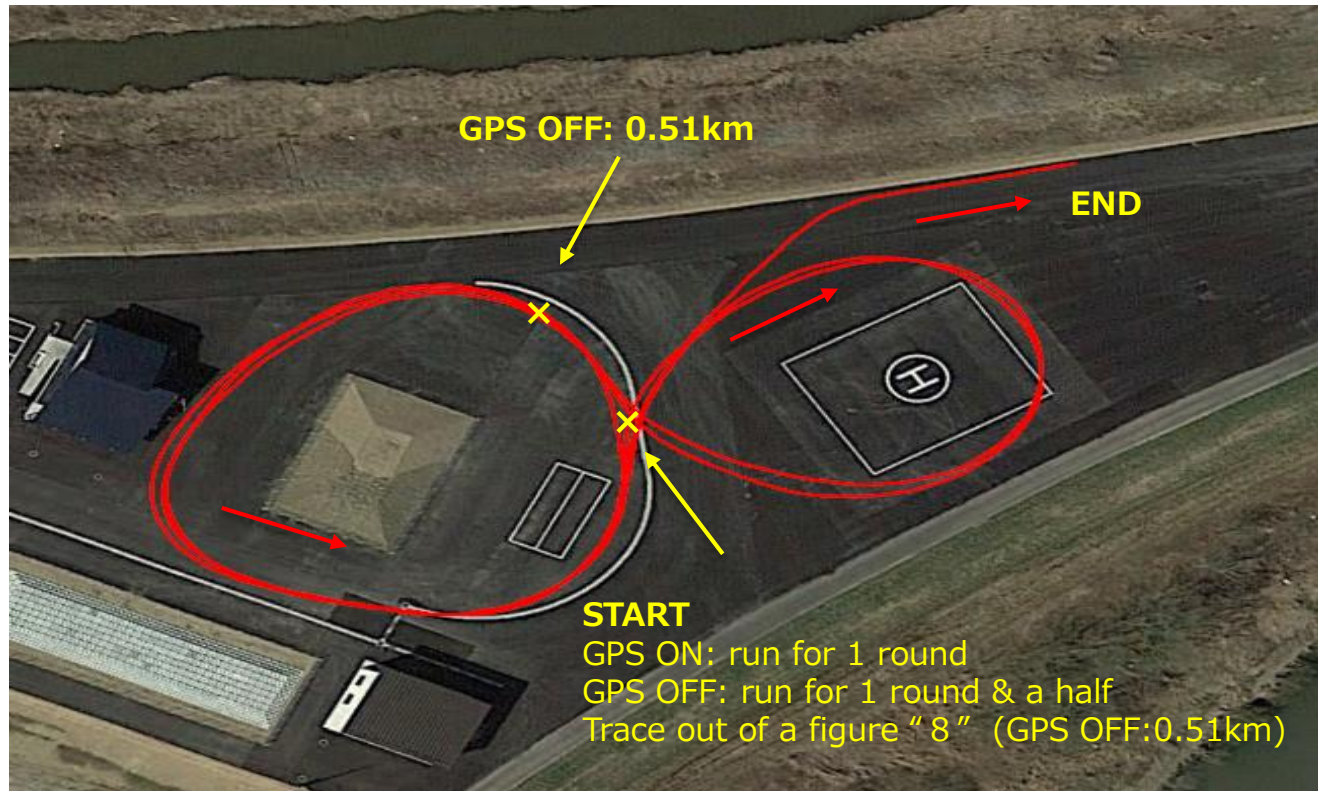
GPS OFF: 2.5 k m

Position error: **1.74m (0.07%)**



## Case Studies of Dead-Reckoning (2)

Test Condition:	Heliport (trace out a figure of "8")
Speed:	6~8km/h (using creep phenomena)
Driving distance:	0.83km
GNSS:	NEO-M8N/u-blox
Dead-reckoning:	0.51km (manually turn GNSS off)
Driving time:	7.5min (GPS OFF: 4.8min)
Map:	Shown as below



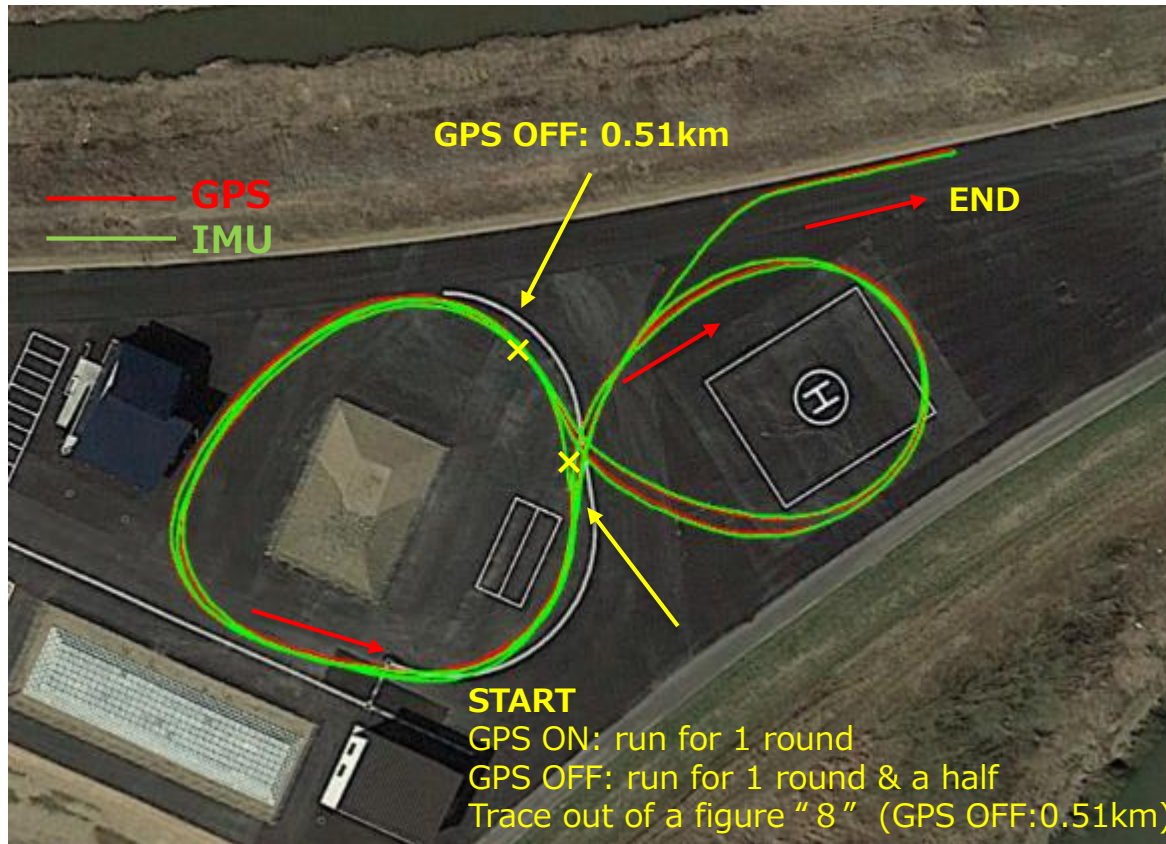


## Case Studies of Dead-Reckoning (2)

### Outcome

GPS OFF: 0.51 k m

Position error: **0.81m (0.16%)**



## Case Studies of Dead-Reckoning (3)

Test Condition:	Highway including tunnel
Speed:	95km/h
Driving distance:	24.4km
GNSS:	NEO-M8N/u-blox
Dead-reckoning:	2.3km, 0.55km (manually turn GNSS off)
Driving time:	15.2min (GPS OFF: 1.6min, 0.35min)
Map:	Shown as below





# Case Studies of Dead-Reckoning (3)

## Outcome

GPS OFF (Oritsume Tunnel): 2.3km, Position error: **0.80m (0.03%)**

GPS OFF (Ichinohe Tunnel): 0.55km, Position error: **0.34m (0.06%)**

